

Blockchain Gets Real: And a Healthy Dose of Reality

February 2, 2016

The biggest FinTech story of last week was the announcement that not only had Digital Asset Holdings (DAH) raised \$52mm in funding, but had also secured a strategic contract to develop distributed ledger (blockchain) settlement solutions for ASX Ltd, Australia's main exchange operator. This follows recent announcements by R3CEV, a consortium, that it had successfully completed a blockchain test with 11 banks, and Nasdaq's announcement that they had enabled a private securities issuance on blockchain technology. Finally, after all the hype of 2015, where it seemed that there was no problem for which a distributed ledger was not the solution, 2016 is becoming the year that blockchain gets real as major Wall Street players work to solve real financial problems.

One of the most interesting parts of the DAH story, however, was the involvement of the DTCC as an investor and new board member. On Monday the DTCC followed up with the publication of a white paper (1) in which they outline their strong support for distributed ledger technology, and at the same time identify a number of key challenges that the industry will need to overcome before it can fulfil its promise. By stepping up to the plate in this way, the DTCC has injected a healthy dose of reality into the blockchain discussion.

T+1

As the white paper points out, there are many big problems that will need to be addressed before blockchain can have a meaningful impact on financial markets.

- A successful blockchain based post-trade solution will require significant coordination and resources from exchanges, brokers, custodians, etc...
- The technology will need to be integrated into existing systems and architecture i.e. all participating institutions will need to build new integrations with a new settlement system
- The technology will need to integrate with other proprietary or vendor databases such as symbol master data and client data.
- Whatever consensus mechanism is chosen (to agree trade details) will necessarily introduce latency over centralized databases.
- Consideration will need to be given to solve for legal and data privacy regulations in a distributed ledger system.

T+0

While the DTCC raises great issues around implementing blockchain into the post-trade processes (their area of expertise), the ASX CEO clearly has loftier goals when he stated "A retail investor in Australia should be able to sell their shares, go to the nearest ATM and get their cash out." This implies that execution and settlement are one and the same – after all this is how the original bitcoin blockchain works (well sort of...

more on that below).

This raises another host of issues including but not limited to:

- The security would need to be digitized and exist on the blockchain (think "Digital Asset Holdings")
- A distributed blockchain for execution and settlement combined with a consensus algorithm to agree and record transactions will necessarily be slower than today's co-located, sub millisecond trading landscape. (A transaction on the Bitcoin blockchain for example takes 10 minutes to 'settle' and the capacity is just 7 transactions per second)
- Instantaneous settlement of every single transaction may not be desirable or efficient. Today 97% of daily equity trades are settled through end of day netting, significantly reducing the burden on settlement processes.
- Let's not forget about the cash side of the transaction (the P in DVP) even if the digital asset can be settled instantly, cash still moves end of day.

So while the news that a major global stock exchange intends to implement blockchain technology to streamline settlement is an exciting event, there is clearly a lot more work to do and a lot more questions to be answered. The experiment with the ASX is an important step forward, and we may well find that a post-trade application of the blockchain is too narrow. To completely reap the benefits of this disruptive technology, we will have to disrupt completely.

(1) "Embracing Disruption: Tapping the potential of distributed ledgers to improve the post trade landscape"

www.greenwich.com | ContactUs@greenwich.com

Coalition Greenwich, a division of CRISIL, an S&P Global Company, is a leading global provider of strategic benchmarking, analytics and insights to the financial services industry.

We specialize in providing unique, high-value and actionable information to help our clients improve their business performance.

Our suite of analytics and insights encompass all key performance metrics and drivers: market share, revenue performance, client relationship share and quality, operational excellence, return on equity, behavioral drivers, and industry evolution.

About CRISIL

CRISIL is a leading, agile and innovative global analytics company driven by its mission of making markets function better. It is majority owned by S&P Global Inc., a leading provider of transparent and independent ratings, benchmarks, analytics, and data to the capital and commodity markets worldwide.

CRISIL is India's foremost provider of ratings, data, research, analytics, and solutions with a strong record of growth, culture of innovation, and global footprint.

It has delivered independent opinions, actionable insights and efficient solutions to over 100,000 customers

through businesses that operate from India, the U.S., the U.K., Argentina, Poland, China, Hong Kong, and Singapore.

For more information, visit www.crisil.com

Disclaimer and Copyright

This Document is prepared by Crisil Coalition Greenwich, which is a part of Crisil Ltd, a company of S&P Global. All rights reserved. This Document may contain analysis of commercial data relating to revenues, productivity and headcount of financial services organisations (together with any other commercial information set out in the Document). The Document may also include statements, estimates and projections with respect to the anticipated future performance of certain companies and as to the market for those companies' products and services.

The Document does not constitute (or purport to constitute) an accurate or complete representation of past or future activities of the businesses or companies considered in it but rather is designed to only highlight the trends. This Document is not (and does not purport to be) a comprehensive Document on the financial state of any business or company. The Document represents the views of Crisil Coalition Greenwich as on the date of the Document and Crisil Coalition Greenwich has no obligation to update or change it in the light of new or additional information or changed circumstances after submission of the Document.

This Document is not (and does not purport to be) a credit assessment or investment advice and should not form basis of any lending, investment or credit decision. This Document does not constitute nor form part of an offer or invitation to subscribe for, underwrite or purchase securities in any company. Nor should this Document, or any part of it, form the basis to be relied upon in any way in connection with any contract relating to any securities. The Document is not an investment analysis or research and is not subject to regulatory or legal obligations on the production of, or content of, investment analysis or research.

The data contained in the Document is based upon a particular bank's scope, which reflects a bank's data submission, business structure, and sales revenue Reporting methodology. As a result, any data contained in the Document may not be directly comparable to data presented to another bank. For franchise benchmarking, Crisil Coalition Greenwich has implemented equal ranking logic on aggregate results i.e., when sales revenues are within 5% of at least one competitor ahead, a tie is shown and designated by = (where actual ranks are shown). Entity level data has no equal ranking logic implemented and therefore, on occasion, the differences between rank bands can be very close mathematically.

The data in this Document may reflect the views reported to Crisil Coalition Greenwich by the research participants. Interviewees may be asked about their use of and demand for financial products and services and about investment practices in relevant financial markets. Crisil Coalition Greenwich compiles the data received, conducts statistical analysis and reviews for presentation purposes to produce the final results.

THE DOCUMENT IS COMPILED FROM SOURCES CRISIL COALITION GREENWICH BELIEVES TO BE RELIABLE. CRISIL COALITION GREENWICH DISCLAIMS ALL REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THIS DOCUMENT, INCLUDING AS TO THE VALIDITY, ACCURACY, REASONABLENESS OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION, STATEMENTS, ASSESSMENTS, ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF ALL OR ANY OF THIS DOCUMENT. CRISIL COALITION GREENWICH ACCEPTS NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR

ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS OR DAMAGE OF ANY KIND ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF ALL OR ANY OF THIS DOCUMENT.

Crisil Coalition Greenwich is a part of Crisil Ltd., an S&P Global company. ©2025 Crisil Ltd. All rights reserved.